

# Creating Custom Menus to Organize Programs in Excel

Anjian Lu, CPD

After you have accumulated several reusable Excel templates, Add-Ins, UserForms, and other programs, you may want to organize them for convenient use. Fortunately, Excel has a feature to help you do this.

You can create custom menus on the main menu toolbar to hold your plumbing calculation tools. Figure 1 shows two custom menus: Time Sheet and Plumbing. Under the Plumbing menu are several submenus. You can create as many submenus and sub-submenus as you need. For example, Figure 1 shows the Water Demand submenu's three sub-submenus: Max Daily/Hourly, Fixture Unit, and FU\_Flow Conversion. The latter is the calculator featured in this column in *PSD's* May/June 2005 issue.

Now let's discuss how to add custom menus to the existing main menu bar, using the Plumbing menu as an example.

## Writing the Code

To add a custom menu, you first need to write a subprocedure, or subroutine.

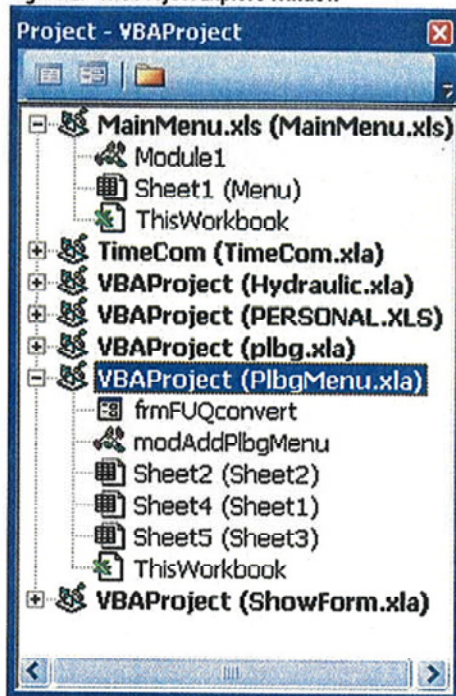
Open the file you created for converting water supply fixture unit (WSFU) to flow from the last issue's column. Save this file as an Excel Add-In, naming it *PlbgMenu.xla*, in the directory *C:\PlumAI\Addins*. Click the Visual Basic Editor (VBE) icon on the Visual Basic toolbar to bring up the Visual Basic window. In the Project — VBAProject window you will see the file you just saved, named *VBAProject*

(*PlbgMenu*), in the directory tree. Highlight the file. Select *Module* from *Insert* on the main menu bar or right click on the highlighted file and select *Insert — Module*. The VBE window will appear automatically with this caption: *Microsoft Visual Basic — PlbgMenu — [Module1 (Code)]*. Change the *Module1* default name to *modAddPlbgMenu* in its Property window. Now the Project Explore window will be similar to the one shown in Figure 2. (Based on the contents of your Excel application, the directory tree may look different.)

Write the subroutine found in the sidebar and name it *AddPlbgMenu()*. The first line creates an object variable *cbMSMMenuBar* as a *CommandBar* type. The second line creates a control as type *CommandBarControl* (the Plumbing menu). The third line creates a variable to hold the index (or position) of an existing menu. Line four defines the command bar. The fifth line gets the index of the existing *Window* menu. This variable, *iWindowIndex*, will be used to define the position of the Plumbing menu. Line six places the Plumbing menu before the *Window* menu on the main menu bar.

The *With muPlumbing — End With* section holds all the tools you have created. The first line sets the menu name as *Plumbing* on the main menu bar. The embedded *With — End With* section adds an item to the drop-down menu, in this case *Begin New Project*. The sentence *.OnAction = "ToBeDone"* tells Excel to call the subroutine *ToBeDone*. You put a prime (') before this

Figure 2. The Project Explore Window



sentence to make it a comment, so the program won't execute it.

Now let's look at the third embedded *With — End With* section. Within this section are three embedded *With — End With* sections. The first and second lines add the *Water Demand* submenu to the drop-down menu list. The *.BeginGroup = True* line in the first embedded section places a line on the main menu bar between the different menus. These three *With — End With* sections add the *Water Demand* submenu's sub-submenus: *Max Daily/Hourly*, *Fixture Unit*, and *FU\_Flow Conversion*.

## Writing Responding Subroutines

The menu's added control has a property called *OnAction*. You need to write subroutines to respond to it. To bring up the fixture unit versus flow calculator form, write the following subroutine:

```
Sub ShowfmFUQconvert()  
    frmFUQconvert.Show  
vbModeless  
End Sub
```

The keyword *vbModeless* enables you to do other work without closing the form.

Figure 1. The Custom Menus

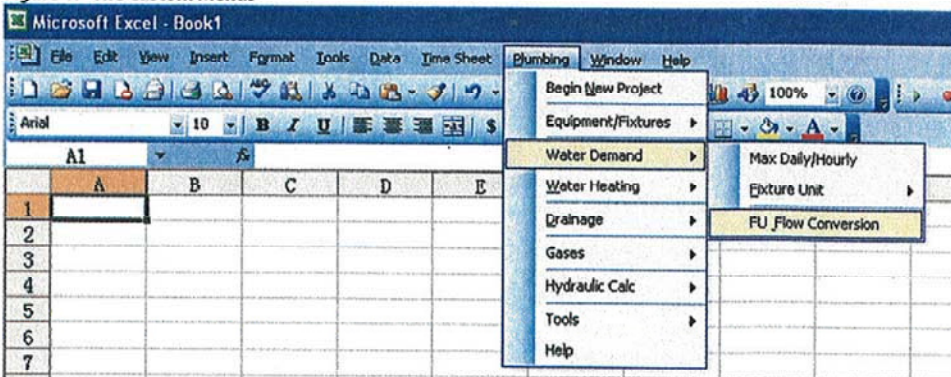
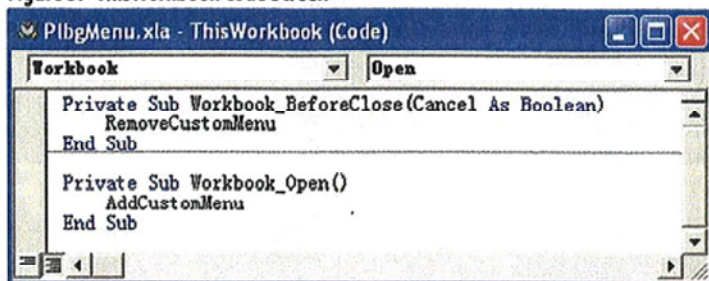


Figure 3. ThisWorkbook Code Screen



Similarly, you can include the hot water circulation system sizing template introduced in the November/December 2004 issue by writing the following subroutine:

```

Sub HWRecirculation()
    Workbooks.Add Template:=
    "C:\PlumA1\workSheets\
    HWRcalc.xlt"
End Sub

```

This subroutine uses the file HWRcalc.xlt as the template and creates a worksheet named HWRcalc1.xls.

To remind yourself and other users about menus that need to be developed, write the following subroutine:

```

Public Sub ToBeDone()
    MsgBox "To Be Developed",
    vbInformation, "PlumA1"
End Sub

```

#### Code for Removing the Menu

To delete the Plumbing menu, write the following subroutine:

```

Public Sub RemovePlbgMenu()
    Dim cbWSMenuBar As
    CommandBar
    On Error Resume Next
    Set cbWSMenuBar =
    CommandBars("worksheet Menu
    Bar")
    cbWSMenuBar.
    Controls("Plumbing").Delete
End Sub

```

This is the counterpart to the subroutine previously created. The line On Error Resume Next handles errors. Without this sentence, an error message will be thrown out and the program will crash if the Plumbing menu doesn't exist. With it, the program will bypass the error and execute to the end.

#### Adding and Removing a Menu

The last step is to add the Plumbing menu to the main menu bar and

remove it when the PlbgMenu.xla Add-In file is excluded from the Add-In menu.

In the Project Explore window there is a file called ThisWorkbook (see Figure 2). Double click

the file to bring up the code screen (see Figure 3).

Choose Workbook from the left box on the top and choose Open from the right box. A two-line subroutine will be created automatically. Add a line between the two lines, so the whole subroutine reads as follows:

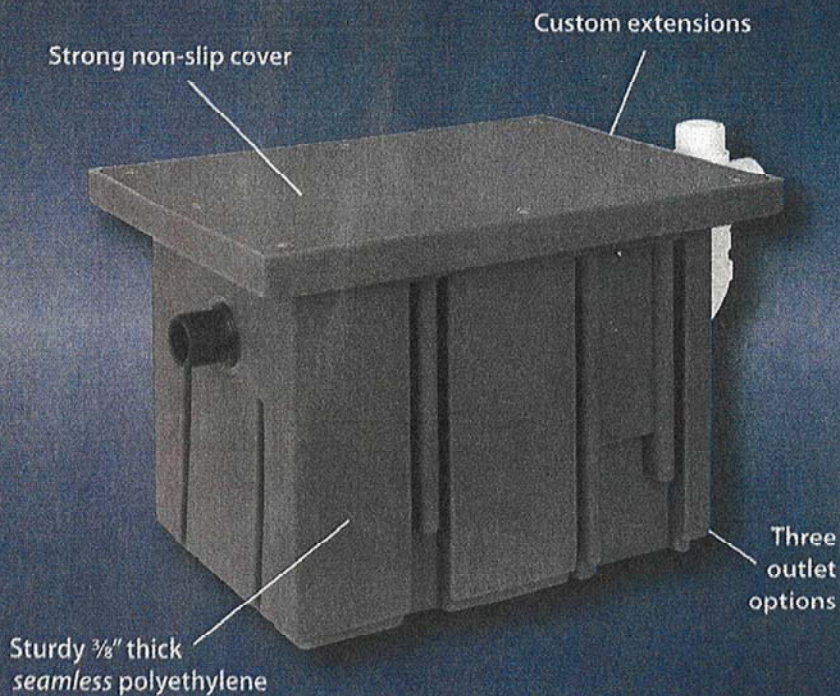
```

Private Sub workbook_Open()
    AddPlbgMenu
End Sub

```

## THE Trapper™

Introducing America's strongest polyethylene grease interceptor.



Ten models available  
12 through 100 GPM

1-800-827-7119  
www.schierproducts.com  
Made in the U.S.A.

**SCHIER**   
PRODUCTS COMPANY  
PIONEERING DRAIN LINE PURITY

Circle 25 on your reader response card for product information.

Then choose BeforeClose from the right box and write a line between the two lines automatically created, so the whole subroutine reads as follows:

```
Private Sub workbook_
BeforeClose(Cancel As
Boolean)
    RemovePlbgMenu
End Sub
```

Save this file and go to the Excel Worksheet screen. Add the file to the list in the Add-Ins form by selecting Add-Ins ... from Tool on the main menu. The Plumbing menu will be created and inserted automatically before the Window menu on the main menu bar. ■



Anjian Lu is an engineer with Vanderweil - NCR in Alexandria, Va. To comment on this article, or for more information, contact articles@psdmagazine.org.

### The AddPlbgMenu Subroutine Code

```
Option Explicit
Public Sub AddPlbgMenu()
    Dim cbWSMenuBar As CommandBar
    Dim muPlumbing As CommandBarControl
    Dim iWindowIndex As Integer
    Set cbWSMenuBar = CommandBars("worksheet Menu Bar")
    iWindowIndex = cbWSMenuBar.Controls("window").Index
    Set muPlumbing = cbWSMenuBar.Controls.Add(Type:= _
        msoControlPopup, Before:=iWindowIndex)
    With muPlumbing
        .Caption = "&Plumbing"
        With .Controls.Add(Type:=msoControlButton)
            .Caption = "Begin &New Project"
            '.OnAction = "ToBeDone"
            End With
        With .Controls.Add(Type:=msoControlPopup)
            .Caption = "Equipment/Fixtures"
            .BeginGroup = True
            '.OnAction = "ToBeDone"
            End With
        With .Controls.Add(Type:=msoControlPopup)
            .Caption = "Water Demand"
            .BeginGroup = True
            With .Controls.Add(Type:=msoControlButton)
                .BeginGroup = True
                .Caption = "Max Daily/Hourly"
                '.OnAction = "ToBeDone"
                End With
            With .Controls.Add(Type:=msoControlPopup)
                .Caption = "&Fixture Unit"
                '.OnAction = "ToBeDone"
                End With
            With .Controls.Add(Type:=msoControlButton)
                .BeginGroup = True
                .Caption = "FU & Flow Conversion"
                '.OnAction = "ShowfmFUQconvert"
                End With
            End With
        With .Controls.Add(Type:=msoControlPopup)
            .Caption = "&water Heating"
            With .Controls.Add(Type:=msoControlPopup)
                .Caption = "&Hot Water Demand"
                '.OnAction = "ToBeDone"
                End with
            with .Controls.Add(Type:=msoControlButton)
                .Caption = "Water Heater Selection"
                '.OnAction = "ToBeDone"
                End with
            with .Controls.Add(Type:=msoControlButton)
                .Caption = "Hot water Circulation"
                .OnAction = "HWRecirculation"
                End with
            with .Controls.Add(Type:=msoControlButton)
                .Caption = "Expansion Tank"
                '.OnAction = "ToBeDone"
                End with
            End with
        With .Controls.Add(Type:=msoControlPopup)
            .BeginGroup = True
            .Caption = "&Drainage"
            '.OnAction = "ToBeDone"
            End with
        With .Controls.Add(Type:=msoControlPopup)
            .BeginGroup = True
            .Caption = "Gases"
            '.OnAction = "ToBeDone"
            End With
        with .Controls.Add(Type:=msoControlPopup)
            .BeginGroup = True
            .Caption = "Hydraulic Calc"
            '.OnAction = "ToBeDone"
            End with
        with .Controls.Add(Type:=msoControlPopup)
            .BeginGroup = True
            .Caption = "Tools"
            with .Controls.Add(Type:=msoControlButton)
                .Caption = "Calculator"
                '.OnAction = "ToBeDone"
                End with
            with .Controls.Add(Type:=msoControlButton)
                .Caption = "... .."
                '.OnAction = "ToBeDone"
                End with
            End with
        with .Controls.Add(Type:=msoControlButton)
            .Caption = "Help"
            '.OnAction = "ToBeDone"
            End with
        End with
    End Sub
```